Answers to the following questions will help determine if you are at risk for Peripheral Arterial Disease (PAD) and if a vascular examination can help better assess your vascular health status.

-				_
	1	Do you experience any pain in your legs or feet while at rest?	Yes	
			No	
	2	Do you have uncomfortable aching, fatigue, tingling, cramping or pain	Yes	
		in your feet, calves, buttocks, hip or thigh during walking/exercise?	No	
	3	If yes to Question 2, does the pain go away when you stop walking/	Yes	
		exercising?	No	1 Yes
	4	Do your feet get pale, discolored or bluish at any time during the day?	Yes	ABI
			No	
	5	Do you have an infection, skin wound or ulcer on your leg or foot that is	Yes	
		slow to heal over the past 8-12 weeks?	No	
	6	Are you over the age of 65	Yes	
			No	
	7	Are you over the age of 50	Yes	
			No	
	8	Do you have high cholesterol or other blood lipid (fat) problems or	Yes	
		require cholesterol medication?	No	
	9	Do you have high blood pressure or take medication to reduce blood	Yes	
		pressure?	No	
	10	Do you have diabetes?	Yes	
			No	2.14
	11	Do you have a history of chronic kidney disease?	Yes	2 Yes
			No	ABI
	12	Do you currently or have you ever smoked?	Yes	
			No	
	13	Do you have a history of stroke or mini-stroke (TIA)?	Yes	
			No	
	14	Do you have a history of heart disease (heart attack, MI)?	Yes	
			No	
ſ	15	Do you have a history of carotid stenosis, AA (abdominal aortic	Yes	
		aneurvsm), and/ or stent placement?	No	

## **PAD Patient Intake Decision Tree**

## INDICATIONS FOR THE EVALUATION OF PATIENTS WITH SUSPECTED PERIPHERAL ARTERIAL DISEASE

75% of adult population with active
PAD are asymptomatic.







Test patients over age 65 years not previously diagnosed with PAD or having an ABI within the past year.

 Test patients over age 50 years with a history of smoking or diabetes.

Test all symptomatic patients. Examples include but are not limited to claudication, critical limb ischemia, nonhealing ulcer/wound or neuropathic leg pain.

Utilize the AHA PAD survey to aid in the identification of patients that would benefit from PAD testing. (see pg. 2)